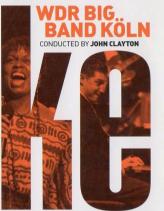






The World Of





PEATURING
DIANNE REEVES
RAY BROWN
JEFF HAMILTON
BENNY GREEN







VOL. 2



WDR BIG... BAND KÖLN CONDUCTED BY JOHN CLAYTON

ROLF RÖMER, TENOR SAXOPHONE

ANDY HADERER, TRUMPET ROB BRUYNEN, TRUMPET

HENNING BERG, TROMBONE



Ellington has a special place for me'

Ray Brown and John Clayton jr. in conversation with Wolfgang Hirschmann

R.B. It's a funny thing about Ellington. Ellington has W.H. How old were you then? a special place for me, because he is the guy that sho- R.B. Fourteen, fifteen. him a lot of points right there.

I remember taking my bass home from school and years old. Ray Brown was the guy who turned my practicing with these records that you had to wind head around, because I heard a record and said: up and then put it on and grab the bass and play for 'Man, I haven't heard a bass like that.' And to my two and a half minutes, then put it down and take the classical teacher - I just started lessons with him - I thing off and then wind it again, just to take stuff off said: 'Have you ever heard of Ray Brown?' He said: the record, you know, but the only records you could 'Yeah, he is a good friend of mine,' So, he took out a hear the bass real clear was Duke Ellington records. letter from Ray Brown and it said: Tm going to be I always heard the bass clear as a whistle.

You can hear every note that Blanton plays.

R.B. We are talking about the days in the thirties. It W.H. Ray, you never played in his band, but with Elcomes out great, you see. So, Ellington has a special lington you played in small groups. place for me just for that. I mean, all that great music R.B. Well, I made some quartet records with him, he wrote is another place, but the fact that he heard Louie Bellson and Joe Pass. the bass and let everybody else hear it, you know....

W.H. After you took all these things off the record, play all that stuff I copied from what Jimmy Blandid you hear the band live, did they come to Pitts- ton played. But you can't do it over again. I think. burgh?

R.B. Oh yeah, at the theatre, sure.

wed up with Jimmy Blanton, you know. That gives J.C. That's about the same time when I heard your records, when I was in high-school, so I was sixteen giving a class at the University of California. Please, W.H. I do imagine that they put one microphone for tell your students about this workshop in jazz bass." the whole big band and another one for the bass. That was my last classical lesson for the time being. I went to Ray Brown.

I always wanted to be with the Ellington band to John went through the same thing with Oscar Peterson, wanting to do that stuff over again, but it never



Duke Ellington

'This One's for Blanton' in 1973?

R.B. Norman Granz. He was trying to get us together was very busy - and finally this was the last record sick then.

Transcription: Gudrun Mettig

works the second time. The first time it's good, but This second in the series of three Ellington concerts the second time is like coming home for a warmed-features a mixture of familiar and relatively obscure material, all of which is worthy of repeated and care-W.H. Who managed that you and Duke did the duo ful listening. The vocals include several works which were originally entirely instrumental compositions.

for years and we just were missing each other. Duke Battle Royal (1961) was originally composed for a unique recording which featured both the Count Bawe made before he died. We just got it in, he was sie and Duke Ellington orchestra playing together, perhaps the first time two big bands had ever been recorded in such a setting. This may have suggested the album's title, For The First Time.

> The Brown Skin Gal (In The Calico Dress) (1941) was originally a collaboration with lyricist Paul Webster, who also wrote the lyrics for Ellington's show Jump For Joy (1941), which carried a civil rights message which was unusually strong for that time. Of course, Ellington seemed to be ahead of everyone in a great number of areas, some of which were well outside the sphere of interest of most composers and bandleaders. The original vocal in The Brown Skin Gal. was tastefully delivered by one of Ellington's best known male vocalists, Herb Jeffries.



01 BATTLE ROYAL 6:43

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON / EMI U CATALOG INC. / TEMPO MUSIC INC. ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON

FRANK CHASTENIER, P OLIVIER PETERS, TS HEINER WIBERNY, AS JOHN MARSHALL, TP ROLF RÖMER, TS HENNING BERG, TB JEFF HAMILTON, DR

02 BROWN SKIN GAL 3:25

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON & T.WEBSTER / EMI ROBBINS CATALOG INC ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON

DIANNE REEVES, VOC JOHN MARSHALL, TP

03 MOOD INDIGO 5:15

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON & BARNEY BIGARD / EMI MILLS MUSIC ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON

DIANNE REEVES, VOC ROLF RÖMER, TS

04 DON'T GET AROUND MUCH ANYMORE 2:44

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON & BOB RUSSELL / CHELSEA-MUSIC PUBLISHING CO. LTD / EMI CATALOGUE PARTNERSHIP AUSTRALIA ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON

DIANNE REEVES, VOC FRANK CHASTENIER, P

05 SENTIMENTAL LADY / COME SUNDAY 5:56

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON / EMI ROBBINS CATALOG INC. / TEMPO MUSIC INC. ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON

ROLF RÖMER, TS MILAN LULIČ, G JOHN MARSHALL, TP

06 SATIN DOLL 6:21

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON & BILLY STRAYHORN /
CAMPBELL CONNELLY CO. LTD. ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON
KLAUS OSTERLOH. TP

OLIVIER PETERS, TS FRANK CHASTENIER, B3 ANDY HADERER, TP

07 FIVE O'CLOCK WHISTLE 4:59

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON / EMI ROBBINS CATALOG INC.
JOHN CLAYTON, B: RAY BROWN, B

JUHN CLAYTUN, B; KAY BRUWN, B

08 A FLOWER IS A LOVESOME THING 4:10

MUSIC BY BILLY STRAYHORN / TEMPO MUSIC INC. ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON

09 CARAVAN 6:27

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON & JUAN TIZOL / EMI MILLS MUSIC INC. ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON

DIANNE REEVES, VOC

10 DO NOTHIN' TILL YOU HEAR FROM ME 3:39

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON / EMI ROBBINS CATALOG INC.
ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON

DIANNE REEVES, VOC

11 JACK THE BEAR 4:17

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON / EMI ROBBINS CATALOG INC.

ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON HEINER WIBERNY, CL JOHN MARSHALL, TP JOHN CLAYTON, B RAY BROWN, B

12 COTTONTAIL 5:40

MUSIC BY DUKE ELLINGTON / EMI ROBBINS CATALOG INC. ARRANGED BY JOHN CLAYTON

BENNY GREEN, P

Mood Indigo (1930) and Caravan (1932) were highly of all the Ellington and Strayhorn collaborations. evocative mood pieces, to which lyrics were added Johnny Mercer later wrote lyrics, and the piece belater on. The former remains one of the best examp- came a great popular hit. As well known as this piles of Ellington's ability to create a strong musical ece is, however, most musicians still don't know the result with extraordinarily simple means. The latter original chord at the beginning of the second half was a collaboration with Ellington's Puerto Rican of the central eight-bar phrase. Perhaps this is also valve trombonist, Juan Tizol, and an early example due to the fact that most people today are still more of the effective combination of Latin American music familiar with recordings which other musicians have with jazz.

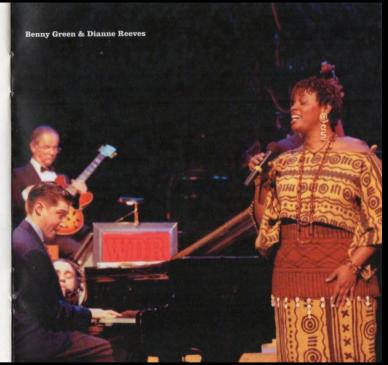
Don't Get Around Much Anymore (1942) is a soinstrumental Never No LAMENT (1940), which origiger techniques.

ny Hodges and cornetist Rex Stewart in addition to the appropriate setting. Ellington's piano. It was recorded earlier under the title Home. After Bob Russell added lyrics, it became Do Nothin' Till You Hear From Me (1943) is a simknown as I Didn't Know About You.

made of Ellington's material than they are with recordings by the Ellington orchestra itself.

mewhat simplified vocal adaptation of the earlier The version of A Flower Is A Lovesome Thing from the recording Unknown Session includes an inspired nally featured alto saxophonist Johnny Hodges and performance by baritone saxophonist Harry Carney, trombonist Joe 'Tricky Sam' Nanton's unique plun- who remained with Ellington and the orchestra for almost the entire duration (1926 - 1974). This version is also a fine illustration of just how modern and Sentimental Lady (1942) originally featured John-experimental Ellington's rhythm section could be in

plified adaptation of one of Ellington's instrumental masterpieces, Concerto For Cootie (1940). Although Satin Doll (1953) is probably the most well known the resulting popular song is musically attractive in



its own right, it is well worth listening to recordings sound is a consistent feature on every legitimate Elof its instrumental predecessor, which not only fea-lington recording from the late 1920's throughout tures three distinctly different facets of Cootie Wil- Ellington's entire career. liams' imaginative trumpet playing, but also displays AND ESSENCE.

composition to feature the string bass as a solo in- was ahead of everyone else, strument in a big band setting. The original soloist was Jimmy Blanton, who was the single most im- The world of Duke Ellington is so vast, that we may his earliest recordings. The clear and natural bass musical discoveries.

Ellington's mature ability to use a great variety of In addition to the surprising formal innovations in orchestral textures, phrase lengths and developmen- Ellington's Cottontail, beginning with the replacetal techniques in a natural and convincing manner. ment of the last eight-bar phrase of the opening It is also worth looking for Andre Hodeir's insightful theme with a four-bar interlude, it exposes a fully analysis of this work in his book, Jazz, It's Evolution mature vocabulary of bebop rhythms, melodies and harmonies several years in advance of the earliest recordings of Dizzy Gillespie and Charlie Parker. Jack The Bear (1940) was the first important jazz This is just one more instance in which Ellington

portant bassist in terms of popularizing the formerly never uncover it all. From one point of view this unexplored solo potential of the instrument. Every may seem unfortunate and frustrating, especially bassist to come after was strongly influenced by in relation to such a uniquely creative musical figu-Blanton's contribution, and this was further enhan-re. From a more positive point of view, however, it ced by Ellington's insistence that the natural sound ensures even the most casual Ellington enthusiast of the bass be clearly and faithfully captured in even of an unending series of interesting and rewarding

Bill Dobbins



Produced by Wolfgang Hirschmann

Recorded live June 5, 1994 at the Kölner Philharmonie except . A Flower is a Lovesome Thing ", recorded June 1, 1994 at WDR Studio 4, Cologne, & "Jack The Bear" recorded June 3, 1994, at WDR Studio 4, Cologne

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Mixed by Wolfgang Hirschmann

Assistant Engineer: Ruth Witt at WDR Studio 4, Cologne in Spring 2007

Mastered by Marko Schneider at Skywalk Mastering / Imagion, Trierweile

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WORLD

LLINGTON





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